

FRAMLINGHAM COLLEGE ANTI-BULLYING POLICY INCLUDING CYBER-BULLYING (INCLUDING EYFS)

RESPONSIBILITY	DEPUTY HEAD, PASTORAL
DATE REVIEWED	JANUARY 2025
NEXT REVIEW	JANUARY 2026
DATE	

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Part A: Definitions and Understanding

Introduction

"Providing safe and happy places to learn is essential to achieving school improvement, raising achievement and attendance, promoting equality and diversity, and ensuring the safety and well-being of all members of the school community." (DfE, 2007).

Framlingham College's values are Kindness, Respect, Integrity, Courage, Perseverance and Aspiration. We aim to prepare children for their lives ahead. This includes pupils learning how to foster positive relationships, being kind and respectful to others and developing strategies that would enable to cope with and stand up to unkindness or disrespect in the future.

Framlingham College is committed to ensuring that all pupils are able to learn in a supportive, caring and safe environment, without fear of being bullied.

Bullying is anti-social behaviour and affects everyone; it is unacceptable and will not be tolerated. If bullying does occur, all pupils should be able to tell and know that incidents will be dealt with promptly, sensitively and effectively.

The College recognises that both the child exhibiting bullying behaviour and the child who is the target of bullying behaviour need intervention and support.

Purpose

The purpose of this policy is:

- to promote an anti-bullying culture;
- to promote a positive culture of kindness and inclusion;
- to deter bullying behaviour, detect it when it occurs and respond with effective strategies and interventions to support all involved;
- to help staff provide support to pupils who have been bullied and pupils who engage in bullying behaviour.
- To create an ethos in the College where pupils treat each other and staff with respect because they are aware of the correct way to behave.

Defining Bullying

Understanding bullying and the different forms it can take is the starting point for preventing and responding to bullying behaviour effectively.

Framlingham College's definition of bullying is unkind behaviour that is:

- repeated
- deliberate (intended to hurt someone either physically or emotionally)
- targeted (aimed at certain individuals or groups)

Examples of bullying include:

Type of Bullying	Examples
Physical	Pushing, kicking, hitting, spitting or any use of violent or physical intimidation.
Verbal	name-calling, mocking, goading, teasing, shaming, spreading rumours, insensitive jokes, humiliating, criticising, threatening, shouting at or speaking aggressively
Emotional	excluding, ignoring, gaslighting, mocking, being unfriendly, tormenting or goading.
Sexual	unwanted physical contact, sexually abusive comments, spreading sexual rumours, harassing someone, making sexual jokes or comments about

	someone, public-shaming someone for their relationships, making sexual comments or gestures, sending sexually explicit messages, up skirting, sharing inappropriate sexual videos or pictures.
Racist	name-calling, teasing or humiliating someone using racially offensive language, making run of someone's religious customs or traditions, sending racially insulting messages or threats, making fun of someone's accent, clothes, food, excluding someone because of their ethnicity, damaging property, offensive graffiti or racist symbols, physical attacks, racist jokes, bringing in racist materials to school.
Homophobic	name-calling, teasing, physically hurting them because of their sexuality, inappropriate sexual comments or gestures, refusing to work or cooperate with someone because of their perceived sexual orientation, making nasty comments about a person online, mocking or imitative someone's voice, mannerisms, making comments about a person's gender or sexuality that deliberately makes them feel uncomfortable.
Cyber	sending offensive, angry, rude, vulgar messages, harassment, posting harmful rumours online about a person, sending or sharing photos of someone else without their permission, impersonating someone else online, tricking someone to share private information, ostracising or purposefully excluding someone from chat groups or gaming sites etc, sending threats of harm or harassment that makes someone fear for their safety.

(See Appendix 1)

This list is not exhaustive but gives clear examples of behaviour that should be challenged and would be considered bullying behaviour. The College community is also aware that it is against the law to discriminate against anyone because of a protected characteristic.

Protected Characteristics:

- age
- disability
- gender reassignment
- marriage and civil partnership
- pregnancy and maternity
- race
- religion or belief
- sex
- sexual orientation

Peer on Peer abuse would be considered bullying behaviour.

Labels and Language

Framlingham College is keen to avoid labelling individual children and recommends describing situations in a sensitive manner, remembering that we are dealing with children who are still learning how to behave and negotiate social situations.

An example of this would be: "a bullying incident was reported on 20/02/21 where John Smith is alleged to have displayed *bullying behaviour* towards Joe Bloggs."

Victim – the term victim is problematic as it can mean different things to different people. We recommend using the terms the 'child who has been bullied' or has been 'the target of bullying'.

Bully – The term bully implies focus of the child's self, rather than the behaviour he / she is displaying. Because of this, Framlingham College recommend that staff and parents use the term 'child who is displaying bullying behaviour'.

Impact of Bullying Behaviour

Bullying behaviour is always unacceptable and will not be tolerated at Framlingham College because:

- It is harmful to the person who is bullied, and to those who engage in bullying behaviour, and those who support them.
- It interferes with a pupil's right to be secure and happy in their environment and consequently their ability to perform to their potential in all areas of College life.
- It is contrary to all our aims and values, our internal culture and the reputation of the School.
- It must be appreciated by all that bullying can lead to long-term psychological damage and even suicide.

Intention

Not all unkind behaviour, particularly amongst younger children, is deliberate or intended to hurt. It is important to try to understand the intention behind the behaviour as well as the social and emotional intelligence and development of the children involved. While all forms of bullying are equally unacceptable, it is important to note that these children may need explicit support around simple social interactions and behaviours. This may be particularly relevant to children with ACEs and children with SEND, whose individual needs should be addressed when investigating a bullying concern, whether as the child who has been bullied or the child displaying bullying behaviour.

Responsibility

It is everyone's responsibility, whatever the circumstances, to challenge bullying behaviour. A person may be vulnerable to bullying because of his/her age, physical appearance, nationality, colour, gender, sexual orientation, religion or disability, or because he/she is new in the college, or because a child is adopted or is a carer, appears to be uncertain or has no friends. She/he may also become a target because of an irrational decision by another child. Staff and pupils are taught to be upstanders, to challenge and report unkind behaviour when they see it and receive regular reminders that safeguarding is everyone's responsibility and that we work together to uphold the values of our community so that Framlingham College is a safe and happy place for everyone.

Legal Aspects

A person who makes a physical or sexual assault on another, or who steals or causes damage to the property of another, commits a criminal offence and also a civil wrong known as a "tort" for which there can be legal consequences outside the School.

It is important to note that the College has the power to discipline pupils for misbehaving outside the school premises. Sections 90 and 91 of the Education and Inspections Act 2006 says that a school's disciplinary powers can be used to address pupils' conduct when they are not on school premises and are not under the lawful control or charge of a member of school staff, but only if it would be reasonable for the school to regulate pupils' behaviour in these circumstances. This may include bullying incidents occurring anywhere off the school premises, such as on school or public transport, or in town.

Part B: Anti-Bullying Strategy: Culture & Systems

Our Approach

Our systems for preventing, detecting and dealing with bullying are designed to operate:

a. Vertically, through the House system and all year groups.

b. *Horizontally,* within tutor groups, year groups and in the classroom and other activities.

Our anti-bullying systems are implemented and driven in the way described below.

• Framlingham College Bully Free Promise (See Appendix 2)

All pupils discuss and sign the Framlingham College Bully Free Promise. This is designed to instil a 'Bully Free' culture.

• Annual Anti-bullying Week

All pupils take part in events each year to promote kindness, support behaviour and develop understanding around bullying.

Relationships Education (PSHE inc RSE)

All pupils have relationships education where they learn about healthy and positive relationships, consent, kindness, coping strategies. They learn about what bullying is, types of bullying include bullying online and about strategies to stand up for themselves and their peers.

Staff Training

Staff have regular training updates on bullying behaviour and anti-bullying strategies as part of their safeguarding training. Additional training is shared each year during anti-bullying week. Staff have an awareness of the risks and indications of child abuse and bullying, and how to deal with cases; first aid counselling and nurturing skills and where to seek support. For example: https://anti-bullyingalliance.org.uk/tools-information/free-cpd-online-training

Pastoral Leaders & Wellbeing Ambassadors

Each year, Pastoral Leaders (Prep School) and Wellbeing Ambassadors (Senior School) are trained to support other pupils in the school. They are taught about the signs and risks of bullying behaviour as well as strategies to challenge and report.

Appropriate Supervision

Ensuring children, particularly younger children, are appropriately supervised at times where unkind behaviour could occur, is important. See supervision policy.

Positive Behavioural Expectations embedded in the College's Culture

Through regular assemblies, tutor times, role-modelling, school talks, Flow Skills tutorials, anti-bullying week, house culture and behavioural expectations in and out of the classroom, children understand the need to be 'ready, safe and respectful'.

Welfare Team

Weekly meetings of the DSLs in the Prep and Senior School with regard to safeguarding, welfare and pastoral matters address concerns around unkindness, poor behaviour, create action plans including interventions and support for all parties and alert all relevant staff to particular groups where additional vigilance and support is needed.

Boarding Houses

In Boarding Houses, we ensure there is an adequate presence of staff who are actively involved with pupils in all areas when they are on duty. Attempts are made to avoid boredom and lack of purpose among pupils. There is space available for pupils' quiet withdrawal. There is no crowding in bedrooms or common rooms and that staff are sensitive and aware when the whole House meets together for assemblies and roll calls. Good behaviour and discipline is maintained.

• Feeling Safe

A culture of feeling safe around all areas of school is created by staff and pupils challenging unkind or unsafe behaviour even when very low-level or nuanced. Pupils have a thorough induction when they arrive at the College and are allocated a guardian to support them in their initial weeks. Staff build nurturing relationships with pupils so that children feel safe and feel they can talk to a trusted adult in school should they ever need to.

• Equal Opportunities

In School and in every House, discriminatory words and behaviour are treated as unacceptable. Positive attitudes are fostered towards both sexes through the curriculum and tutorials and diversity and inclusion is celebrated.

Responsibilities

Safeguarding is everyone's responsibility. This message is reinforced throughout the College.

Staff

Through their training and experience, members of the staff are expected to promote an anti-bullying culture by:

- Celebrating achievement.
- Anticipating problems and providing support.
- Disciplining sensibly and fairly.
- Making opportunities to listen to pupils.
- Acting as advocates of pupils.
- Following school supervision procedures.
- Challenging poor or discriminatory behaviour at the lowest level.

Members of staff are vigilant at all times but particularly in areas identified as less formal such as the dining Room, changing areas, communal areas, on transport and around the boarding houses.

Pupils

Through our pastoral care systems, pupils are informed and taught that bullying will not be tolerated. They are encouraged:-

- To celebrate the effort and achievement of others.
- To hold and promote positive attitudes.
- To be inclusive, learn to work together with others and invest in positive relationships.
- To feel able to share problems with staff.
- To turn to anyone they trust if they have a problem.
- Not to feel guilty about airing complaints.
- To treat meals and break times as pleasant social occasions.

All members of the College Community, including parents

Our expectation of all members of the Community is that:

- Everyone will uphold the values of the College which are displayed in the main entrance, each House and every classroom.
- A pupil or a member of staff who witnesses or hears of an incident of bullying will report it.
- A complaint of bullying will always be taken seriously.
- No one in the College community will tolerate unkind actions or remarks or stand by when someone else is being bullied.

Complaints and Concerns

A pupil who is being bullied should complain without delay and can do so in several ways:





If another pupil is concerned for a peer, they should also report this to a trusted adult.

Should parents have a concern that their child is a target for unkind or bullying behaviour, they should:

<u>In the Prep School:</u> inform the child's tutor and Head of Section, giving examples or evidence where possible.

<u>In the Senior School:</u> inform the Housemaster / Housemistress or tutor giving examples or evidence where possible.

Record Keeping & Monitoring

Staff maintain records of the welfare and development of individual pupils (on Tutor Notes or My Concern). Any reporting of unkindness or bullying concerns are entered on to the Bullying behaviour log in order to keep a record and spot patterns if they occur.

Bullying behaviour is raised at the weekly welfare meetings and actions put in place to support all concerned (See Part C).

Part C: Responding to a Bullying Concern

On receiving a bullying concern from a child, peer, staff member or parent, the following actions will be taken. (See Appendix 3)

1. Member of staff receives a bullying concern

Log on bullying behaviour log.

Log on My Concern or Tutor notes depending on level of concern.

Inform Head of Section / Housemaster or mistress.

Inform Deputy Head Pastoral.

Open Bullying Concern Assessment. (See Appendix 4)

2. Clarify facts and perceptions

Gather and clarify the facts. Ensure pupil voice.

Check records.

Complete Bullying Concern Assessment.

Check policy and definition.

Determine severity.

(To determine severity, look at the nature, frequency, duration and perceptions of the child being bullied.)

3. Identify intervention level

On the basis of the initial assessment,

Meet to discuss findings

Choose an appropriate intervention and sanction (where appropriate)

(See Behaviour Policy)

See intervention levels – (See appendix 5)

Ensure effective communication amongst all parties

Consider the need for:

Parental involvement

SENCO involvement

Risk Assessment

External agency involvement

Welfare team involvement

4. Intervention (including sanction where appropriate)

Work on interventions with pupils depending on level.

Level 1 – low level bullying behaviours

Level 2 – intermediate level bullying behaviours

Level 3 – complex bullying behaviours

Level 4 – high risk bullying behaviours

Continue to update Bullying Concern Assessment Form.

5. Review outcome and reflect on learning

Monitor outcomes

Review anti-bullying strategy and response Update records, my concern, bullying concern assessment form. Ensure effective communication with all parties.

See behaviour policy regarding sanctions.

Framlingham College's Definition of Bullying

Bullying is unkind behaviour that is:

- repeated
- deliberate (intended to hurt someone either physically or emotionally)
- targeted (aimed at certain individuals or groups)

BULLYING CAN BE..

Physical Bullying

Examples include: pushing, kicking, hitting, spitting or any use of violence or physical intimidation.

Verbal Bullying

Examples include: name-calling, mocking, goading, teasing, shaming, spreading rumours, insensitive jokes, humiliating, criticising, threatening, shouting at or speaking aggressively...

Emotional Bullying

Examples include: excluding, ignoring, gaslighting, mocking, being unfriendly, tormenting or goading.

Sexual Bullying

Examples include: unwanted physical contact, sexually abusive comments, spreading sexual rumours, harassing someone, making sexual jokes or comments about someone, public-shaming someone for their relationships, making sexual comments or gestures, sending sexually explicit messages, upskirting, sharing inappropriate sexual videos or pictures.

Racist Bullying

Examples include: name-calling, teasing or humiliating someone using racially offensive language, making run of someone's religious customs or traditions, sending racially insulting messages or threats, making fun of someone's accent, clothes, food, excluding someone because of their ethnicity, damaging property, offensive grafitti or racist symbols, physical attacks, racist jokes, bringing in racist materials to

Homophobic Bullying

Examples include: name-calling, teasing, physically hurting them because of their sexuality, inappropriate sexual comments or gestures, refusing to work or cooperate with someone because of their perceived sexual orientation, making nasty comments about a person online, mocking or imitative someone's voice, mannerisms, making comments about a person's gender or sexuality that deliberately makes them feel uncomfortable.

Cyber Bullying

Examples include: sending offensive, angry, rude, vulgar messages, harassment, posting harmful rumours online about a person, sending or sharing photos of someone else without their permission, impersonating someone else online, tricking someone to share private information, ostracising or purposefully excluding someone from chat groups or gaming sites etc., sending threats of harm or harassment that makes someone fear for their safety.

What should I do if I am being bullied?

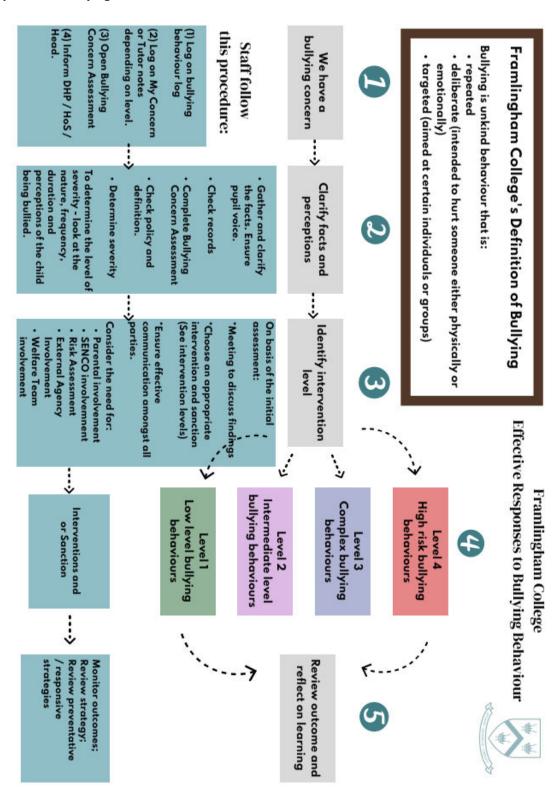
ep a record of

Don't retaliate

Appendix 2: Bully Free Promise

https://forms.office.com/Pages/ResponsePage.aspx?id=D9DGuhqhAUalG86G5LsCbSnjKYlB9WRNpyuOmaU0NrxURTRYTjU2SFVDU1pNQVFCNVlUOEJaWThSTy4u

Appendix 3: Bullying Concerns Process



Part 1 – Assessment of Concern Framlingham College's Definition of Bullying

Date

Bullying is unkind behaviour that is:

- repeated
- deliberate (intended to hurt someone either physically or emotionally)
- targeted (aimed at certain individuals or groups)

	NAME			GENDER	YEAR GROUP		
Person(s) reporting							
concern							
Name of targeted							
pupil							
Name of pupil(s)							
involved							
Does the behaviour	Individ	ual to individual					
involve:	Individ	ual to group					
	Group to individual						
	Group	o group					
Type of incident and the	me(s) if applic	able:					
PHYSICAL	Examples incl	ude: pushing, kicking, hitt	ting, spitting	or any use	of violence or		
	physical intim	idation.					
VERBAL	includes nam	e calling, insults, jokes, th	reats, spreac	ding rumoui	rs, mocking,		
	goading.						
EMOTIONAL		ude: name-calling, mocki		_			
	•	nsitive jokes, humiliating,	, criticising, t	hreatening,	shouting at or		
	speaking aggr	•					
SEXUAL	•	ude: unwanted physical c		•			
		ual rumours, harassing sc	-	٠.			
		ne, public-shaming some			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	comments or gestures, sending sexually explicit messages, upskirting, sharing						
D 4 616=		sexual videos or pictures					
RACIST	•	ude: name-calling, teasing	-	-			
	-	uage, making run of som	_				
	_	ly insulting messages or t excluding someone beca		_			
		itti or racist symbols, phy		•			
	materials to s		sical attacks,	racist joke.	s, bringing in racist		
НОМОРНОВІС		ude: name-calling, teasing	g nhysically	hurting the	m hecause of their		
TIOWOT HOBIC	•	ppropriate sexual comme		_			
		h someone because of th	_	_			
		nts about a person online	-		_		
	*	making comments about	_				
	deliberately makes them feel uncomfortable.						
CYBER	•	ude: sending offensive, a		ulgar messa	ages, harassment,		
	posting harmful rumours online about a person, sending or sharing photos of						
	someone else	without their permission	, impersonat	ting someo	ne else online,		
	•	one to share private infor	•	• .	•		
	_	excluding someone from chat groups or gaming sites etc, sending threats of harm					
	or harassmen	t that makes someone fe	ar for their sa	afety.			

	OTHER	Details:				
Is the	Is there persistence / recurrence of this behaviour? Yes / No					
Is it t	argeted behaviour?		Yes / No			
Is the	ere a power imbalar	nce?	Yes / No			
Is it i	ntentionally hurtful	behaviour?	Yes / No			
Chec	ked Bullying Behavi	our Log for any previous incidents of concern?		Yes / No		
Outli	ne anything here:					
Outli	ne of Incidents rep	ortod				
	•		مرانيد انميي	assas lia athar pupils		
	including dates of	nts / drawings of incident(s) completed by bullied property if known	oupii, with	esses (le other pupils,		
Stair	including dates of	events, ii known.				

Part 2 – Details of Interventions to be implemented in response.

2.1 Pupil (s) who has been bullied.

Refer to level 1-4 interventions

Outline action / support to be implemented:				
Provide outline details of t group:	he level and type of interv	ention with the peer gro	oup / class / year	
Ongoing support / monitor	ring to be provided by			
Daily / Weekly				
To be reviewed by (DHP / Head)		Date		
Have parents been informed	ed?		Yes / No	
Give Details:				
Referral to outside agencies? Yes / No				
Give Details:				
Any other relevant details:				

2.2 Pupil(s) who has been displaying bullying behaviour

Refer to Level 1-4 interventions

Outline action / support to be implemented:							
Provide outline deta group:	ails of	the level and type of	interv	vention with the po	eer gro	oup / class / year	
Ongoing support / r provided by	nonito	oring to be					
Daily / Weekly							
To be reviewed by (DHP / Head)			Date				
Have parents been	inform	ied?			Ye	s / No	
Give Details:							
Referral to outside a	agenci	es?			Ye	s / No	
Give Details:							
Any other relevant of	details	:					
Sanction Verbal Warning Negative Breakloss							
Deputy Head's Detention		Head's Detention		Suspension		Expulsion	
Details:							
Part 3 – Ongoing rec	ord of	support and interve	ntion	s			

Refer to Level 1-4 interventions

Date	Details of Intervention	Action required / taken (dated & signed)			
Name and ro	Name and role of teacher completing this form:				
Signed					
Date					

Part 4 - Status of Concern

This concern is now resolved:

Bullying Assessment form – copy added to My Concern
Bullying Behaviour Log updated
Interventions completed

When concern is not resolved:

Further intervention required:

Review information and action to date
Refer to Head
Re-assess levels of intervention. Implement other strategies from appropriate level
Assign tasks, record and monitor as in Part 2 and 3 again.

Signed: Job Title: Date:

Appendix 5: Interventions

Level 1 – Low Level Bullying Behaviour

(All resources can be found on Teams / Teaching Staff / Pastoral Care / Anti-bullying Resources)

Interventions at Level 1 are to help individuals to recognise/reflect on their unacceptable behaviour and to "get them back on track" while listening to and supporting/strengthening the pupil(s) experiencing bullying. **NEVER ignore low level bullying behaviour.**

Staff should:

- explain the inappropriateness of the behaviour in line with the school's values;
- identify possible consequences if the bullying behaviour continues;
- point out the level of distress experienced by the bullied pupil;
- talk with the pupil being bullied to explore whether he/she has in any way provoked the bullying behaviour;
- help the bullied pupil to identify ways in which he/she may be strengthened and supported, e.g. peer support;
- encourage reparation to be made, if appropriate;
- monitor the situation carefully;
- be prepared to intervene with a higher response level if the situation persists or deteriorates.

All bullying behaviour should be entered on to the bullying log.

Sanctions for the child or children who is/are displaying bullying behaviour could be a breakloss or Deputy Head's Detention depending on severity and impact.

Pupil Displaying Bullying Behaviour	The Pastoral Curriculum	Interventions	Targeted Pupil	Target Interventions
When the	Select whole-	SCRIPTS: for use with individual pupils	Pupil whose	- Informal chat
bullying	class	A Rights Respecting Script: This reminds the pupil	reaction to the	to enable pupil
behaviour has	approaches	who is bulling of everyone's right to be safe.	bullying	to identify
been assessed	such as circle	Rule Reminder Script: This reminds the pupil who	behaviour	possible
and is	time to explore	is bulling of the appropriate rule which has been	represents a low	solutions to
perceived to	issues around	broken.	level of concern.	current
be minor or a	bullying and	Expectation Discussion: A non-confrontational		situation.
first time	identify	script requiring the pupil to commit to behaving	Few if any	
occurrence	possible	appropriately and taking greater responsibility for	additional needs	- Parental
select one or	solutions in a	subsequent behaviour.	and risk factors	support if felt
more of these	non-		are present at	appropriate at
Level 1 interventions.	threatening way enabling	ONE-TO-ONE INTERVIEW INTERVENTIONS	this stage.	this stage If a trained
		Formally remind the pupil of the harm his/her		effective
		behaviour is causing another and of the negative		Buddy /Peer
	,	consequences to encourage the pupil to change		Mediation
	valued.	his/her behaviour.		support is
	10.00	,		available the
	See Appendix 6	Restorative Questioning: The five sequential, self-		pupil may wish
	(References)	reflective, restorative questions enable the pupil		to use this
	for support	who is bulling to take responsibility for his/her		intervention.
		behaviour and undertake appropriate action(s) to		
		promote reparation/restitution. Give staff/		Regular
		supervisors a laminated set for consistency in		monitoring
		managing bullying incidents.		and review of
				situation by
		Worth a Re-Think: This process helps pupils to		class/form
		develop more appropriate responses to a range of		teacher.
		situations through reflecting on happenings,		
		thoughts, feelings, behaviour and consequences		
		Shared Control Discussion: This five-step		
		intervention requires the pupil to choose how		
		he/she will respond to requests to change		
		behaviour through being made aware of the		
		consequences of his/her unacceptable behaviour.		
		Think Time Discussion Sheet: Completing this		
		encourages the pupil to reflect on his/her		
		negative behaviour; identify how to rectify the		
		situation and act accordingly. This discussion may		
		inform a behaviour plan.		

INTERVENTION TABLES Level 2 – Intermediate Level Bullying Behaviour

While interventions at Level 2 involve continuing with the above, there is shift from individual support to group interventions. To be effective small group work needs:

- The consent and involvement of the pupil being bullied.
- To be planned and timetabled, session length dependent on age and ability.
- Parental / carer consent and agreement from participating pupils.
- Carefully selected group membership.
- To take place in a suitable and comfortable environment.
- To be uninterrupted.
- To be facilitated in a positive manner, ideally by two adults whose roles may alternate allowing one to participate and one to observe.
- Structured and focused activities using active learning approaches to stimulate discussion and debate amongst members and develop group identity.
- Decision and outcomes to be agreed and recorded, e.g. on a flipchart.
- To facilitate the development of empathy amongst pupils.
- A solution focused approach to the situation.
- To provide opportunities for pupils to take responsibility.
- Regular meetings of the group.
- Regular meetings with the bullied pupil to assess ongoing effectiveness of agreed actions.
- To ensure regular feedback is given on agreed actions.

Rullving	The Pastoral Curriculum	Interventions	Targeted Pupil	Target Interventions
Following	Select whole-	SMALL GROUP INTERVENTIONS	Pupil whose	Meet to:
assessment if the	class		reaction to the	
bullying	approaches such	Involving a maximum of 6-8 pupils	bullying	- Gain bullied pupil's
behaviour	as circle time to	who have agreed to participate and	behaviour	consent to enable the
continues and/or	explore issues	meet regularly to effect a change in	presents a higher	situation to be discussed
is considered	around bullying	the behaviour of the pupil who is	level of concern.	with peers in his/her
more severe,	and identify	bullying. The agreement of the child		absence.
select one or	possible	experiencing bullying is essential.	Some additional	
more of these	solutions in a	Parents/carers of participating	needs and risk	- Receive feedback on
Level 2	non-threatening	members will need to be informed.	factors may be	intervention outcomes.
interventions	way enabling	It is essential to keep accurate	present at this	
which may	views to be	records of meetings to enable	stage.	- Agree, teach and
comprise part of	acknowledged,	outcomes to be monitored regularly.		practise coping skills
an Individual	respected and			(e.g. Fogging).
Pupil Support	valued.	Quality Circles: Volunteers agree to		
Plan.		meet regularly with a member of		https://www.youngmind
		staff to focus on a specific bullying		s.org.uk/young-
Parents/carers		topic such as racism, homophobia,		person/coping-with-
will need to be		exclusion etc and proceed to		life/bullying/
informed of this		develop, suggest, present solutions		
decision and		to Senior Leadership Team who		https://www.childline.or
involved in		subsequently implement and		g.uk/info-
providing		evaluate solution(s).		advice/bullying-abuse-
support.				safety/types-

THE SUPPORT GROUP METHOD	bullying/bounce-back- from-bullying/
This is a seven step, participative	
long-term approach which supports	- Strength-Building Plan
the target, involves volunteers from	for Pupil
the peer groups of both the target	
and the young person displaying	- Peer Mentoring
bullying behaviour and focuses on	
changing the behaviour of the pupil	
that is bullying and those who	
collude with him/her. Similar but not	
identical to timetabled class circle	
time.	

INTERVENTION TABLES Level 3 – Complex Bullying Behaviour

Interventions at Level 3 will involve Senior Leaders in collaboration with pupil(s) and parents to determine the way forward in affecting change. The College will use an individual Risk Assessment procedure which will determine a plan of intervention and risk management that will be communicated to all. This planning may occur through a multi-agency discussion, involving MASH, Suffolk Safeguarding Partnership and other external support agencies. The manner in which teachers and others are involved in planning and how they are kept informed about the implementation of the plans will vary. Bullying at this level often involves complex group dynamics, where a number of roles are evident, such as those displaying bullying behaviour, bystanders and pupils experiencing bullying. Consequently, interventions may require one-to-one meetings, small group work and whole class involvement.

Pupil Displaying Bullying Behaviour	The Pastoral Curriculum	Interventions: Co-ordinated by Pastoral Co-ordinator / SENCO Advice/Support by ELB Officer	Targeted Pupil	Target Interventions
Following	Select whole- class	INDIVIDUAL PUPIL INTERVENTION	Pupil whose	Individual Pupil
assessment, if	approaches such	Monitoring by key member of staff.	reaction to	Work
the bullying	as circle time to	Behaviour Management Programmes,	the bullying	
behaviour is	explore issues	including Pupil Support Plan (support and	behaviour is	- Monitoring by key
more complex	around bullying	strengthening), target setting with	severe.	member of staff.
and/or	and identify	incentives and consequences.		
resistant to	possible solutions	Social and Emotional Mentoring by an	Many	- Pupil Support Plan
change.	in a non-	identified member of staff.	additional	for strength and
	threatening way	Individualised strength and emotional	needs and	emotional wellbeing
Pupil	enabling views to	wellbeing building programmes eg:	risk factors	building
presenting	be acknowledged,	Conflict resolution	present.	programmes.
with many	respected and	Solution focussed conversations		
additional	valued.	Empathy training, mood management,		- Peer
needs and risk		anger management		support/mentoring
factors.		Peer		and befriending/
		support/befriending/mentoring/mediation.		mediation.
		The Method of Shared Concern interview.		

PARENTAL INVOLVEMENT	- Support Group
	Method PIKAS
At this level, it is most likely that the	interview.
parent(s) have already been contacted and	
are working with the school and/or with	Parental
external agencies to effect change.	Involvement
ADDITIONAL ADVICE/SUPPORT FROM	At this level, it is
OUTSIDE AGENCIES	most likely that the
	parent(s) have
Counselling Service / Restorative meetings.	already been
MASH / Suffolk Safeguarding Partnership.	contacted and are
	working with the
	school and/or with
	External Agencies to
	effect change.
	Additional
	advice/support from
	Outside Agencies
	Is there a need for
	parent to consult
	with GP about child?

INTERVENTION TABLES Level 4 – High Risk Bullying Behaviour

Bullying behaviours assessed as Level 4 are severe and involve a significant threat to the safety and welfare of any or all of the pupils involved. Such severe bullying concerns may be new or may have proved resistant to earlier school interventions and have now been assessed as high risk. Incidents at this level must be assessed in relation to the risk posed to any/all of the pupils involved. As such, the school's Child Protection policy and safeguarding procedures will need to be invoked. In addition to safeguarding procedures and practices including referral to external support services, the school's interventions at Level 4 should continue to implement interventions detailed at Level 3 as appropriate.

Pupil Displaying Bullying Behaviour	The Pastoral Curriculum	Interventions	Targeted Pupil	Target Interventions
including mental health, criminal and/or child protection concerns.	approaches such as circle time to explore issues around bullying and identify possible solutions in a non-threatening way enabling views to be acknowledged, respected and valued.	Refer to relevant investigative agencies MASH / Suffolk Safeguarding Partnership Refer to the school's Rewards & Sanctions Policy re the suspension and expulsion of pupils.	Pupil presenting with significant mental health, criminal and/or child protection concerns.	Refer to relevant investigative agencies.

Appendix 6: References and Useful Links

- Preventing and tackling bullying (publishing.service.gov.uk)
- http://www.endbullying.org.uk/
- Anti-Bullying Alliance
- The Diana Award (diana-award.org.uk)
- What Is Bullying | StopBullying.gov
- Bullying | How To Deal With Bullying and Getting Help | YoungMinds
- Helping Children Deal with Bullying & Cyberbullying | NSPCC
- Bullying at school: Bullying a definition GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)
- Bullying at school | Bullying advice for parents and children (nationalbullyinghelpline.co.uk)
- Teen Tips Onsite & Online Training for Parents & Schools
- National Online Safety
- The Mix Essential support for under 25s
- https://www.suffolksp.org.uk/parents-and-carers/bullying/
- http://www.thesource.me.uk