



FRAMLINGHAM COLLEGE PREP SCHOOL - CURRICULUM POLICY

This policy applies to all pupils in the school, including those in the EYFS

1 Introduction

- 1.1 Our school's curriculum is all the planned activities that we organise in order to promote learning, and personal growth and development. It includes the Early Years Foundation Stage and aspects of the National Curriculum, in addition to the Common Entrance Syllabi at 13+. It also includes the various extra-curricular activities that the school organises in order to enrich the children's experience. Also covered is the 'hidden curriculum' – what the children learn from the way they are treated and expected to behave. We want children to grow into positive, responsible people, who can work and cooperate with others whilst at the same time develop their knowledge and skills, in order to achieve their true potential.
- 1.2 In line with current guidance, the written policy, plans, and schemes of work will not undermine the fundamental British values of democracy, the rule of law, individual liberty and mutual respect and tolerance of those with different faiths and beliefs.
- 1.3 We seek the highest standards of attainment for all our children. We also value the breadth of the curriculum that we provide. We aim to foster creativity in our children, and to help them become independent learners. Above all, we believe in making learning fun.

2 Values

- 2.1 Our school curriculum is underpinned by the values that we hold dear at our school. The curriculum is the means by which the school achieves its objective of educating children in the knowledge, skills and understanding that they need in order to lead fulfilling lives.
- 2.2 These are the main values of our school, upon which we have based our curriculum:
 - We value children's uniqueness, we listen to the views of individual children, and we promote respect for diverse cultures.
 - We value the spiritual and moral development of each person, as well as their intellectual and physical growth.
 - We value the importance of each person in our community, and we organise our curriculum to promote inclusion, cooperation and understanding among all members of our community.
 - We value the rights enjoyed by each person in our society. We respect each child in our school for who they are, and we treat them with fairness and honesty. We want

to enable each person to be successful, and we provide equal opportunities for all our pupils.

- We will strive to meet the needs of all our children, and to ensure that we meet all statutory requirements regarding inclusion.
- We value our environment, and we want to teach our pupils, through our curriculum, how we should take care of the world, not only for ourselves, but also for future generations.

3 Aims and objectives

3.1 The aims of our school curriculum are:

- to enable all children to learn, and develop their skills, to the best of their ability;
- to promote a positive attitude towards learning, so that children enjoy coming to school, and acquire a solid basis for lifelong learning;
- to teach children the basic skills of literacy, numeracy, speaking and listening, and ICT;
- to enable children to be creative and to develop their own thinking;
- to teach children about the developing world, including how their environment and society have changed over time;
- to help children understand the fundamentals of British values and how these underpin the world around them; this is included as part of our PSHE program;
- to help children understand Britain's cultural heritage;
- to appreciate and value the contribution made by all ethnic groups in our multicultural society;
- to enable children to be positive citizens;
- to teach children to have an awareness of their own spiritual development, and to distinguish right from wrong;
- to help children understand the importance of truth and fairness, so that they grow up committed to equal opportunities for all;
- to enable children to have respect for themselves and high self-esteem, and to live and work cooperatively with others;
- to prepare children for their next stage of education;
- to make pupils aware of possible employment pathways beyond school (e.g. by hosting talks in school by adults in different professions or by focussing on role models in assembly)

4 Organisation and planning

4.1 We plan our curriculum in three phases. We agree a long-term plan/scheme of work for each key stage/subject. This indicates what topics are to be taught in each term, and to which groups of children. We review this long-term plan/scheme of work on an annual basis and amend if needed.

4.2 Through our medium-term plans, we give clear guidance on the objectives and timeframe for each topic. We have adopted the Learning Outcomes for the Early Years Foundation Stage for our school, and these form the basis of our planning. We also use the national schemes of work

for much of our medium-term planning in the core subjects throughout Key Stage 1 . As the pupils enter KS2 we also introduce elements that are relevant to the 11+ and 13+ Common Entrance syllabi.

- 4.3 Our short-term plans are those that our teachers write on a weekly or daily basis. We use these to set out the learning objectives for each session, and to identify what resources and activities we are going to use in the lesson.
- 4.4 In the Early Years Foundation Stage, and at Key Stage 1, we adopt a topic based approach to our curriculum planning, encouraging children to make links in their learning across the curriculum and to have time to engage with their learning at a deeper level. We plan the curriculum carefully, so that there is coherent and full coverage of all aspects of the National Curriculum and early learning goals, and there is planned progression in all curriculum areas.
- 4.5 In Key Stage 2 and Key Stage 3, we teach the core subjects separately.

5 The curriculum and inclusion

- 5.1 The curriculum in our school is designed to be accessed by all children who attend the school. If we think it necessary to modify some children's access to the curriculum, in order to meet their needs, then we do this only after their parents have been consulted.
- 5.2 If children have special needs, our school does all it can to meet the individual needs, and we comply with the requirements set out in the SEN Code of Practice. If a child displays signs of having special needs, then his/her teacher makes an assessment of this need. In most instances, the teacher is able to provide the resources and educational opportunities that meet the child's needs, within normal class organisation. If a child's need is more severe, an individual action plan (see point 5.3) will be put in place and outside agencies may be consulted. We always provide additional resources and support for children with special needs including those children with an EHC plan.
- 5.3 The school provides an Individual Action Plan (IAP) for each of the children who are on the special needs/learning support register. This sets out the nature of the special need, and outlines how the school will aim to address it. The IAP also sets out targets for improvement, so that we can review and monitor the progress of each child at regular intervals.
- 5.4 Some children in our school have disabilities. We are committed to meeting the needs of these children, as we are to meeting the needs of all groups of children within our school. The school complies fully with the requirements of the Equality Act 2010. All reasonable steps are taken to ensure that these children are not placed at a substantial disadvantage compared with non-disabled children. Teaching and learning are appropriately modified for children with disabilities. For example, they may be given additional time to complete certain activities, or the teaching materials may be adapted.
- 5.5 Our schemes of work address the diversity of our society, and reflect the National Curriculum programmes of study and Common Entrance syllabi.

6 The Early Years Foundation Stage

6.1 The curriculum that we teach in the Nursery and Reception class (The Foundation Stage) meets the requirements set out in the Early Years Foundation Stage Framework, as required in this curriculum teaching becomes more formal in the final term of Reception and planning will use appropriate elements of the National Curriculum for Key Stage 1. Our curriculum planning focuses on the Early Learning Goals, as set out in the Framework and the National Curriculum, and on developing children's skills and experiences within the seven areas of learning:

- Personal, Social and emotional Development – Prime area
- Communication and Language – Prime area
- Physical Development – Prime area
- Literacy – Specific area
- Mathematics – Specific area
- Understanding of the World – Specific area
- Expressive Arts and Design – Specific area

6.2 Our school fully supports the principle that young children learn through play, and by engaging in well planned and structured activities. Teaching in The Foundation Stage builds on the experiences of the children in their pre-school learning.

6.3 In the EYFS, development of each child is assessed on a continuous basis and this is recorded in each child's Learning Journey. This assessment forms an important part of the future curriculum planning for each child, recorded as their Next Steps.

6.4 We appreciate that all children need the support of both the parents and the teachers to make good progress in school. We strive to build positive links with the parents of each child, by keeping them informed about how the children are being taught, and how well each child is progressing.

7 Key skills

7.1 The whole school curriculum is designed to enable pupils to acquire essential skills in speaking, listening, literacy and numeracy through a stimulating learning experience in the following key areas:

- Linguistic
- Mathematical
- Scientific
- Technological
- Human and Social
- Physical
- Aesthetic and Creative

7.2 Teachers in all subject areas seek to contribute to a child's progress in these skills, because we believe that all children need to make good progress in these areas if they are to develop their true potential.

8 The role of the Head of Department

8.1 The role of the Head of Department is to:

- provide a strategic lead and direction for the subject;
- support and advise colleagues on issues related to the subject;
- monitor pupils' progress in that subject area;
- provide efficient resource management for the subject.

8.2 It is the role of each Head of Department to keep up to date with developments in their subject, at both national and local levels. They review the way in which the subject is taught in the school, and plan for improvement. This development planning links to whole-school objectives. Each Head of Department reviews the curriculum plans for the subject, ensures that there is full coverage of the National Curriculum and Common Entrance syllabi, and sees that progression is planned into schemes of work.

9 Monitoring and review

9.1 Deputy Head (Academic) & The Academic Co-coordinator are responsible for the day-to-day organisation of the curriculum. They monitor the teachers' planning, and ensure that all classes are taught the full requirements of the EYFS, the National Curriculum and Common Entrance Syllabi, and that all lessons have appropriate learning objectives.

9.2 Heads of Department monitor the way in which their subject is taught throughout the school. They examine long-term and medium-term planning, and ensure that appropriate teaching strategies are used. Heads of Department also have responsibility for monitoring the way in which resources are stored and managed.

9.3 This policy is monitored by the Senior Leadership Team and will be reviewed every two years, or before if necessary.